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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/665,188	09/17/2003	Emiliano Ghinelli	EMIL-001XX	5560	
207	7590 08/18/2006		EXAMINER		
	TEN, SCHURGIN, C OFFICE SQUARE	KIM, TAEYOON			
BOSTON, 1		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
		1651			
		DATE MAILED: 08/18/2006			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Application No. Applicant(s)					
Office Action Community		10/665,1	88	GHINELLI, EMILI	GHINELLI, EMILIANO			
Office Action Summary			r	Art Unit				
			Kim	1651				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	n appears on th	e cover sheet with	the correspondence ac	idress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPORTED IN THE MAILING AND THE MAILING AS A CONTROL OF T	NG DATE OF TI FR 1.136(a). In no evon. period will apply and w statute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICA yent, however, may a reply vill expire SIX (6) MONTH: blication to become ABAN	TION. y be timely filed  S from the mailing date of this of DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,			
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
		This action is r	ion-final.					
3)□								
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application	ation.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) is/are rejected.							
	_							
,	Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> are subject to restriction and	d/or election re	guirement.					
	on Papers		,					
_	•							
	The specification is objected to by the Exa							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
2)  Notice Notice	(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S 'No(s)/Mail Date			nmary (PTO-413) fail Date mal Patent Application (PT0	O-152)			

## **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-19 are pending.

## Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-9, drawn to a method of preparing an amniotic membrane extract, classified in class 530, subclass 851.
- II. Claims 10-12, drawn to a pharmaceutical composition comprising an amniotic membrane extract and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, classified in class 424, subclass 583.
- III. Claims 13-15, 18 and 19, drawn to a method to prophylaxis and/or treatment of a disease or condition, classified in class 424, subclass 583.
- IV. Claims 16 and 17, drawn to a kit for prophylaxis and/or treatment of a disease or condition comprising an amniotic membrane extract, a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and instructions, classified in class 424, subclass 583.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

The inventions of Groups I and II-IV are directed to different inventions which are not connected in design, operation, and/or effect. These inventions are independent since they are not disclosed as capable of use together, they have different modes of operation, they have different functions, and/or they have different effects. One would not have to practice the various inventions at the same time to practice just one method

Art Unit: 1651

alone. The method of Group I invention is an amniotic membrane extract which is different product from a pharmaceutical composition of Group II invention. The method of Group I invention is distinct from the method of using the pharmaceutical composition of Group III invention because the effect of the method is not the pharmaceutical composition of Group III invention or a kit of Group IV invention.

The inventions of Groups II and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case, the process for using the product can be practiced with any pharmaceutical products other than one containing an amniotic membrane extract of Group II invention. Moreover, the product of Group II invention can be used in a materially different process of using that product. For example, the composition can be used as a source for extracting amniotic membrane proteins.

The inventions of Groups II and IV are directed to different inventions which are not connected in design, operation, and/or effect. These inventions are independent since they have different modes of operation, they have different functions, and/or they have different effects. Group II invention does not require instructions of Group IV invention.

The inventions of Groups III and IV are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as

claimed can be practiced by another and materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case, the process as claimed can be practiced by hand without using the kit of Group IV invention. Furthermore, the product of Group IV invention can be used in a materially different process of using that product. For example, the kit can be used for extracting amniotic membrane proteins.

The several inventions above are independent and distinct, each from the other.

They have acquired a separate status in the art as a separate subject for inventive effect and require independent searches (as indicated by the different classification). The search for each of the above inventions is not co-extensive particularly with regard to the literature search. Further, a reference which would anticipate the invention of one group would not necessarily anticipate or even make obvious another group.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for one group is not required for the other groups, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species:

- A. <u>Type of reconstitution of lyophilized homogenate</u>: gel, ointment, cream, soap (claim 6)
- B. Type of mammal for amniotic membrane: pig, cow, horse (claim 8)

- C. <u>Type of pharmaceutically acceptable carrier</u>: ophthalmic solution, gel, ointment, emulsion, cream, powder, spray (claim 11)
- D. <u>Type of disease or condition</u>: corneal ulcer, ocular cicatritial pemphigoid, Stevens-Johnson syndrome, conjuctival inflammation, dry eye, Sjogren's syndrome, chemical injuries, thermal injuries, multi-surgery effects, contact lenses over-wear, severe microbial infections, neurotrophic keratitis, ischemic keratitis, peripheral ulcerative, inflammatory keratitis, limbitis aniridia, pterigium, pseudopterigium, multiple endocrine deficiency (claim 14)

The species are independent or distinct because they do not belong to any art recognized group nor do they share a substantial structural feature.

In addition if Group I is elected, a further election of species must be made from groups A and B; if Group II is elected, a further election of species must be made from group C; if Group III is elected, a further election of species must be made from group D; if Group IV is elected, no election of species is required.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, there is no generic claim or claim X is generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and *a listing of all claims* readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim

Art Unit: 1651

is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species.

MPEP § 809.02(a).

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims

Art Unit: 1651

and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the

Application/Control Number: 10/665,188 Page 8

Art Unit: 1651

record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Taeyoon Kim whose telephone number is 571-272-9041. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 am - 4:30 pm ET (Mon-Fri).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Wityshyn can be reached on 571-272-0926. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

PRIMARY EXAMINER

Taeyoon Kim Patent Examiner Art Unit 1651